## VIDYA BHAWAN BALIKA VIDYAPEETH SHAKTI UTHANA ASHRAM LAKHISARAI Date 7.X.2020.

Date 7.X.202	20.			
Class 9th	Subject Geography			
Chapter Physical feat	tures of India REVISIO	N FOR P.A.2.		
Read the following M	CQ and give the most	appropriate Answer of the giv	en questions.	
Q.1.Which of the follo	owing is responsible for	r the variation in the colour of	soil in different parts of	
(a) Difference in rock	formations	(b) Weathering		
(c) Erosion and deposition		(d) Land use	• •	
. ,		peen a factor in the creation a	nd modification of India's	
(a) Geological formations		(b) Population dens	ity	
(c) Weathering		(d) Erosion and deposition		
Question 3:Which of	the following is a plaus	ible theory presented by Eartl	h scientists to explain the	
formation of continen	ts			
and oceans and the	/arious landforms?			
(a) Theory of Motion				
(b) Theory of Plate To (c) Theory of Evolution	on			
(d) Theory of Relativ	•	<b>.</b>		
	g to the 'Theory of Plat	e Tectonics,' the earth's crust	is formed of how many	
major plates?	(b) Five	(a) Sayan	(d) Ton	
(a) Three	<b>、</b> /	(c) Seven re Tectonics,' the movement c	(d) Ten	
some geological activ		e rectoriics, the movement c	i the plates result in	
0 0	s not such a geological	activity?		
(a) Volcanic activity	(b) Folding	(c) Faulting	(d) Glaciation	
` '	` ,	e Tectonics,' when some plat	( )	
other, which of the fo	•	o rectornes, when some plat	co come towards each	
formed?	nowing to			
(a) Convergent boundary		(b) Divergent boun	darv	
(c) Transform boundary		(d) Colliding bound	•	
• •	•	te Tectonics,' when some pla	•	
each other, which of		,	, -	

is formed?

(a) Convergent boundary		(b) Divergent boundary		
(c) Transform boundary		(d) None of the above		
Question 8: According to t	he 'Theory of Plate Tec	tonics,' in the event of two plat	tes coming	
together, which of the follo	owing is			
not possible?				
(a) The plates may collide and crumble.		(b) The plates may move horizontally past		
each other.				
(c) The plates may form divergent boundary.		(d) One plate may slide under the other.		
Question 9: According to t	he 'Theory of Plate Tec	tonics,' what have been the ef	fects of the	
movement of the plates?	·			
(a) Change in position and size of continents.		(b) Formation of ocean basins.		
(c) Evolution of the preser	nt landforms and relief of	f India.		
(d) All of the above.				
Question 10: A landmass	bounded by sea on thre	e sides is referred to as	_·	
(a) Coast	(b) Island	(c) Peninsula	(d) None of the	
above	· ,	, <i>,</i>		
Question 11: Which of the	following divisions of In	dia has the oldest landmass?		
(a) The Himalayas	_	s (c) The Peninsular Plateau	(d) The Indian	
Desert	. ,	. ,	. ,	
Question 12: The Peninsu	lar Plateau of India is pa	art of which of the following lar	ndmass?	
(a) Angaraland	(b) Gondwanaland	(c) Tethys	(d) Eurasian	
Plate Question 13:Which	of the following countries	s or continents was not a part	of the ancient	
landmass of Gondwanalar	nd?	·		
(a) India	(b) Australia	(c) Europe	(d) South	
America				
Question 14: The northw	ard drift of the Indo-Aus	tralian plate resulted in its coll	ision with the much	
larger Eurasian plate. Whi	ch			
of the following was the re	sult of this collision?			
(a) The Gondwanaland sp	lit into a number of plate	es.		
(b) The continents of Euro	pe and Asia were forme	ed.		
(c) Sedimentary rocks acc	cumulated in the Tethys	geosyncline were folded.		
(d) India and Australia wei	re formed.	-		
Question 15: Which of the	following physiographic	divisions of India was formed	out of	
accumulations in the Teth	ys			
geosyncline?	•			
(a) The Himalayas	(b) The Northern Plains	s (c) The Peninsular Plateau	(d) The Indian	
Desert		· ·	• •	

SUBJECT TEACHER MUKESH KUMAR